

# CCTV and Surveillance Policy

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## History

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## Statement of intent

At The Sigma Trust, we take our responsibility towards the safety of staff, visitors and pupils very seriously. To that end, we use surveillance cameras to monitor any instances of aggression or physical damage to our school and its members.

The purpose of this policy is to manage and regulate the use of the surveillance and CCTV systems at the school and ensure that:

- We comply with the UK GDPR.
- The images that are captured are useable for the purposes we require them for.
- We reassure those persons whose images are being captured, that the images are being handled in accordance with data protection legislation.

This policy covers the use of surveillance and CCTV systems which capture moving and still images of people who could be identified, as well as information relating to individuals for any of the following purposes:

- Observing what an individual is doing
- Taking action to prevent a crime
- Using images of individuals that could affect their privacy

The surveillance system will be used to:

- Maintain a safe environment.
- Ensure the welfare of pupils, staff and visitors.
- Deter criminal acts against persons and property.
- Assist the police in identifying persons who have committed an offence.

## 1. Legal framework

1.1. This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance, including, but not limited to the following:

- The Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000
- The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012
- The UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR)
- The Data Protection Act 2018
- The Freedom of Information Act 2000
- The Education (Pupil Information) (England) Regulations 2005 (as amended in 2016)
- The Freedom of Information and Data Protection (Appropriate Limit and Fees) Regulations 2004
- The School Standards and Framework Act 1998
- The Children Act 1989
- The Children Act 2004
- The Equality Act 2010

1.2. This policy operates in conjunction with the following statutory and non-statutory guidance:

- Home Office (2021) 'The Surveillance Camera Code of Practice'
- ICO (2021) 'Guide to the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR)'
- ICO (2017) 'In the picture: A data protection code of practice for surveillance cameras and personal information'
- ICO (2022) 'Video Surveillance'
- DfE (2022) 'Protection of biometric data of children in schools and colleges'

1.3. This policy operates in conjunction with the following Trust policies:

- Photography and Images Policy
- Freedom of Information Policy
- Data Protection Policy

## 2. Definitions

- For the purpose of this policy, the following definitions are given for the below terms:

- **Surveillance** – monitoring the movements and behaviour of individuals; this can include video, audio or live footage eg real-time recordings and live streams. For the purpose of this policy only video and audio footage will be applicable.
- **Overt surveillance** – Surveillance which is clearly visible and signposted around the school and does not fall under the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000.
- **Covert surveillance** – any use of surveillance which is intentionally not shared with the subjects it is recording. Subjects will not be informed of such surveillance.

2.1. The school does not condone the use of covert surveillance when monitoring the school's staff, pupils and/or volunteers. Covert surveillance will only be operable in extreme circumstances.

- **Biometric data** – data which is related to the physiological characteristics of a person, which confirm the unique identification of that person, such as fingerprint recognition, facial recognition (FRT), or iris recognition.
- **Automated biometric recognition system** – a system which uses technology to measure an individual's physical or behavioural characteristics by using equipment that operates 'automatically'.
- **Facial recognition** – the process by which a person can be identified or otherwise recognised from a digital facial image. Cameras are used to capture these images and facial recognition technology software produces a biometric template.

### 3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1. The role of the Trust data protection officer (DPO) includes:

- Dealing with freedom of information requests and subject access requests (SAR) in line with legislation, including the Freedom of Information Act 2000.
- Ensuring that all data controllers at the school handle and process surveillance and CCTV footage in accordance with data protection legislation.
- Ensuring that surveillance and CCTV footage is obtained in line with legal requirements.
- Ensuring consent is clear, positive and unambiguous. Pre-ticked boxes and answers inferred from silence are non-compliant with the UK GDPR.

- Ensuring that surveillance and CCTV footage is destroyed in line with legal requirements when it falls outside of its retention period.
- Keeping comprehensive and accurate records of all data processing activities, including surveillance and CCTV footage, detailing the purpose of the activity and making these records public upon request.
- Informing data subjects of how their data captured in surveillance and CCTV footage will be used by the school, their rights for the data to be destroyed and the measures implemented by the school to protect individuals' personal information.
- Preparing reports and management information on the Trust's level of risk related to data protection and processing performance.
- Reporting to the highest management level of the Trust, e.g. the Board of Trustees.
- Abiding by confidentiality requirements in relation to the duties undertaken while in the role.
- Monitoring the performance of the Trust's data protection impact assessment (DPIA), and providing advice where requested.
- Presenting reports regarding data processing at the school to senior leaders and the governing board.

3.2. The Sigma Trust, as the corporate body, is the data controller. The Board of Trustees of The Sigma Trust therefore has overall responsibility for ensuring that records are maintained, including security and access arrangements in accordance with regulations.

3.3. The school's Data Manager deals with the day-to-day matters relating to data protection within their school and thus, for the benefit of this policy, will act as the data controller.

3.4. The role of the data controller includes:

- Processing surveillance and CCTV footage legally and fairly.
- Collecting surveillance and CCTV footage for legitimate reasons and ensuring that it is used accordingly.
- Collecting surveillance and CCTV footage that is relevant, adequate and not excessive in relation to the reason for its collection.
- Ensuring that any surveillance and CCTV footage identifying an individual is not kept for longer than is necessary.

- Protecting footage containing personal data against accidental, unlawful destruction, alteration and disclosure – especially when processing over networks.
- Ensuring that the processing of any biometric data, including any processing carried out by a third party on their behalf, complies with the Data Protection Act 2018, UK GDPR and Protection of Freedoms Act 2012.
- Identifying the additional risks associated with using automated biometric technology by conducting a DPIA ensuring decisions are documented.
- Ensuring that the processing of biometric data is done so in line with the school's Protection of Biometric Data Policy.

### 3.5. The role of the headteacher includes:

- Meeting with the DPO to decide where CCTV is needed to justify its means.
- Conferring with the DPO with regard to the lawful processing of the surveillance and CCTV footage.
- Monitoring legislation to ensure the Trust is using surveillance fairly and lawfully.
- Communicating any changes to legislation with all members of staff.
- Reviewing the Surveillance and CCTV Policy to ensure it is compliant with current legislation.

## 4. Purpose and justification

- 4.1. The school will only use surveillance cameras for the safety and security of the school and its staff, pupils and visitors.
- 4.2. Surveillance will be used as a deterrent for violent behaviour and damage to the school.
- 4.3. The school will only conduct surveillance as a deterrent and under no circumstances will the surveillance and the CCTV cameras be present in school classrooms or any changing facility.
- 4.4. If the surveillance and CCTV systems fulfil their purpose and are no longer required, the school will deactivate them.

## 5. Data protection principles

- 5.1. Data collected from surveillance and CCTV will be:

- Processed lawfully, as determined by a DPIA, or from advice from the DPO. In less common circumstances, lawful processing will be determined by a legitimate interests' assessment (LIA).
- Processed fairly, in a manner that people would reasonably expect and taking into account advancements in technology that may not be anticipated by some people.
- Processed in a transparent manner, meaning that people are informed when their data is being captured.
- Collected for specified, and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with the following purposes; further processing for archiving data in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes.
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed.
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up-to-date; every reasonable step will be taken to ensure that personal data that is inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, is erased or rectified without delay.
- Kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed.

Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures

The use of surveillance cameras, CCTV, and biometric systems, will be critically analysed using a DPIA, in consultation with the DPO.

A DPIA will be carried out prior to the installation of any surveillance, CCTV, or biometric system. A DPIA will:

- Describe the nature, scope, context, and purposes of the processing.
- Assess necessity, proportionality, and compliance measures.
- Identify and assess risks to individuals.
- Identify any additional measures to mitigate those risks.

Sensitive data obtained via biometric technology will be processed via special conditions (listed in Article 9 of the UK GDPR).

If the DPIA reveals any potential security risks or other data protection issues, the school will ensure they have provisions in place to overcome these issues.

Where the school identifies a high risk to an individual's interests, and it cannot be overcome, the school will consult the ICO before they use CCTV, and the school will act on the ICO's advice.

The school will ensure that the installation of the surveillance and CCTV systems will always justify its means.

If the use of a surveillance and CCTV system is too privacy intrusive, the school will seek amendments.

Surveillance and CCTV systems will not be intrusive. Pupils, staff and visitors will be made aware of the following:

Whenever they are being monitored by a surveillance camera system

Who is undertaking the activity

The purpose for which the associated information is being used

The use of any video conferencing technology will be fair and transparent. Any pupils and staff who are part of any video conference calls will be informed of its purpose, and recording and publication of any video to an indefinite audience will be consented to and will not be used outside of the intended purpose.

First response time will be justifiable, proportionate, and able to address specific needs.

## 6. Protocols

- 6.1. The surveillance system will be registered with the ICO in line with data protection legislation.
- 6.2. The surveillance system is a closed digital system.
- 6.3. Warning signs have been placed throughout the premises where the surveillance system is active, as mandated by the ICO's Code of Practice. Warning signs will be more prominent in areas where surveillance is less expected to be in operation, and when using systems that can capture a large amount of personal data at one time.

- 6.4. The surveillance system has been designed for maximum effectiveness and efficiency; however, the school cannot guarantee that every incident will be detected or covered and 'blind spots' may exist.
- 6.5. The surveillance system will not be used to focus on a particular group unless an immediate response to an incident is required.
- 6.6. The surveillance system will not be trained on private vehicles or property outside the perimeter of the school.

## 7. Security

- 7.1. Access to the surveillance system, software and data will be strictly limited to authorised operators and will be password protected, and where appropriate, will be encrypted.
- 7.2. The school's authorised CCTV system operators are cited in Appendix A.
- 7.3. The school staff authorised to record and retain images are cited in Appendix A. This appendix is to be completed locally for each Sigma Trust school.
- 7.4. The school staff authorised to access audio records are cited in Appendix A. This appendix is to be completed locally for each Sigma Trust school.
- 7.5. The main control facility is kept secure and locked when not in use.
- 7.6. If, in exceptional circumstances, covert surveillance is planned, or has taken place, copies of the Home Office's authorisation forms will be completed and retained.
- 7.7. Surveillance and CCTV systems will be tested for security flaws once every month to ensure that they are being properly maintained at all times.
- 7.8. The DPO and headteacher will decide when to record footage, eg a continuous loop outside the school grounds to deter intruders.
- 7.9. Staff will be trained in security procedures and sanctions will be put in place for those who misuse security system information. Staff will be made aware that they could be committing a criminal offence if they do this.
- 7.10. The ability to produce copies of information will be limited to the appropriate staff.
- 7.11. Any unnecessary footage captured will be securely deleted from the school system.

- 7.12. Each system will have a separate audio and visual system that can be run independently of one another. The school will not record audio unless it has:
- Identified a particular need or issue and can evidence that this need must be addressed by audio recording
  - Considered other less privacy intrusive methods of achieving this need
  - Reviewed the other less privacy intrusive methods and concluded that these will not appropriately address the identified issue and the only way to do so is via the use of audio recording.
- 7.13. Any cameras that present faults will be repaired immediately as to avoid any risk of a data breach.
- 7.14. Visual display monitors are located in the main office and the headteacher's office.

## 8. Code of practice

- 8.1. The school understands that recording images of identifiable individuals constitutes as processing personal information, so it is done in line with data protection principles.
- 8.2. The school notifies all pupils, staff and visitors of the purpose for collecting surveillance data via notice boards, signs, letters and emails.
- 8.3. CCTV cameras are only placed where they do not intrude on anyone's privacy and are necessary to fulfil their purpose.
- 8.4. All surveillance footage will be kept for 6 weeks for security purposes; the headteacher and the Data Manager are responsible for keeping the records secure and allowing access.
- 8.5. The school has a surveillance system for the purpose of the prevention and detection of crime and the promotion of the health, safety and welfare of staff, pupils and visitors.
- 8.6. The surveillance and CCTV system is owned by the Trust and images from the system are strictly controlled and monitored by authorised personnel only.
- 8.7. The school will ensure that the surveillance and CCTV system is used to create a safer environment for staff, pupils and visitors to the school, and to ensure that

its operation is consistent with the obligations outlined in data protection legislation. The policy is available from the school's website.

8.8. The surveillance and CCTV system will:

- Be designed to take into account its effect on individuals and their privacy and personal data.
- Be transparent and include a contact point which enables people to request information and submit complaints via the DPO.
- Have clear responsibility and accountability procedures for images and information collected, held and used.
- Have defined policies and procedures in place which are communicated throughout the school.
- Only keep images and information for as long as required.
- Restrict access to retained images and information with clear rules on who can gain access.
- Consider all operational, technical and competency standards, relevant to the surveillance and CCTV system and its purpose, and work to meet and maintain those standards in accordance with the law.
- Be subject to stringent security measures to safeguard against unauthorised access.
- Be regularly reviewed and audited to ensure that policies and standards are maintained.
- Only be used for the purposes for which it is intended, including supporting public safety, the protection of pupils, staff and volunteers, and law enforcement.

8.9. Be accurate and well maintained to ensure information is up-to-date.

To comply with the requirements of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012, the school will notify all parents of its intention to process pupils' biometric data, and emphasise that parents may object at any time to the processing of the information.

The school will ensure that pupils' biometric data is not taken or used as part of a biometric recognition system if pupils under the age of 18 object or refuse to participate in activities that involve the processing of their biometric data. The school is aware that a pupil's objection or refusal overrides any parental consent to the processing of data.

The school will ensure that information is included in its privacy notices that explains how biometric data is to be processed and stored, including the rights available to individuals in respect of the processing.

Reasonable alternative arrangements will be provided for pupils who do not use automated biometric recognition systems either because their parents have refused consent or due to the pupil's own refusal to participate in the collection of their biometric data.

The alternative arrangements will ensure that pupils do not suffer any disadvantage or difficulty in accessing services and premises. Likewise, such arrangements will not place any additional burden on parents whose children are not participating in such a system.

## 9. Access

- 9.1. Under the UK GDPR, individuals have the right to obtain confirmation that their personal information is being processed.
- 9.2. All disks and hard drives containing images belong to, and remain the property of, the Trust.
- 9.3. Individuals have the right to submit an SAR to gain access to their personal data in order to verify the lawfulness of the processing.
- 9.4. Individuals have the right to have personal data erased if:
  - The data is no longer necessary for the original purpose it was collected for
  - They are relying on legitimate interests as a basis for processing, the individual objects to the processing of their data, and there is no overriding legitimate interest to continue the processing.
  - The data has been processed unlawfully.
  - There is a specific legal obligation.
- 9.5. There are certain exceptions where the right to erasure cannot be exercised, these include, but are not limited to:
  - Where the processing is needed for the performance of a task in the public interest or an official authority.
  - Certain research activities.
  - Compliance with a specific legal obligation.

As an alternative to the right of erasure, individuals can limit the way their data is used if they have issues with the content of the data held by the school or they object to way it was processed.

Data can be restricted by either:

- Moving the data to another processing system.
  - Making the data unavailable to users
  - Temporarily removing published data from a website.
- 9.6. The Trust will verify the identity of the person making the request before any information is supplied.
- 9.7. A copy of the information will be supplied to the individual free of charge; however, the Trust may impose a 'reasonable fee' to comply with requests for further copies of the same information. The individual will either be provided with a permanent copy of the information or allowed to view the information.
- 9.8. Where an SAR has been made electronically, the information will be provided in a commonly used electronic format.
- 9.9. Requests by persons outside the school for viewing or copying disks, or obtaining digital recordings, will be assessed by the headteacher, who will consult the DPO, on a case-by-case basis with close regard to data protection and freedom of information legislation.
- 9.10. Where a request is manifestly unfounded, excessive or repetitive, a reasonable fee will be charged.
- 9.11. All fees will be based on the administrative cost of providing the information.
- 9.12. All requests will be responded to without delay and at the latest, within one month of receipt.
- 9.13. In the event of numerous or complex requests, the period of compliance will be extended by a further two months. The individual will be informed of this extension, and will receive an explanation of why the extension is necessary, within one month of the receipt of the request.
- 9.14. Where a request is manifestly unfounded or excessive, the school holds the right to refuse to respond to the request. The individual will be informed of this decision and the reasoning behind it, as well as their right to complain to the ICO and to a judicial remedy, within one month of the refusal.

- 9.15. In the event that a large quantity of information is being processed about an individual, the school will ask the individual to specify the information the request is in relation to.
- 9.16. It is important that access to, and disclosure of, the images recorded by surveillance and CCTV footage is restricted and carefully controlled, not only to ensure that the rights of individuals are preserved, but also to ensure that the chain of evidence remains intact, should the images be required for evidential purposes.
- 9.17. Where data requests contain the personal data of a separate individual, the rights and freedoms of others will be protected by asking for their consent, or removing specific footage where appropriate.
- 9.18. Releasing the recorded images to third parties will be permitted only in the following limited and prescribed circumstances, and to the extent required or permitted by law:
- The police – where the images recorded would assist in a specific criminal inquiry
  - Prosecution agencies – such as the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS)
  - Relevant legal representatives – such as lawyers and barristers
  - Persons who have been recorded and whose images have been retained where disclosure is required by virtue of data protection legislation and the Freedom of Information Act 2000
- 9.19. Requests for access or disclosure will be recorded and the headteacher will make the final decision as to whether recorded images may be released to persons other than the police.

## 10. Monitoring and review

- 10.1. This policy will be monitored and reviewed on a biennial basis by the DPO and the headteacher.
- 10.2. The DPO will be responsible for monitoring any changes to legislation that may affect this policy, and make the appropriate changes accordingly.
- 10.3. The headteacher will communicate changes to this policy to all members of staff.
- 10.4. The scheduled review date for this policy is February 2025.



## APPENDIX B: Surveillance recordings Access Request Form: Investigators

Any transaction which sees information about individuals managed by the Trust leave the custody of authorised staff must be recorded so that we can evidence that such transfers were done lawfully. As such this form should be completed in every instance of surveillance recordings being transferred to a representative of another organisation who is authorised to receive them.

### Section 1

Where you know the identity of a person or persons who are the subject(s) of your request, you should supply these details. This can be completed by our employees at the time of receiving the request.

### Section 2

The request should be limited to specific locations and times to ensure that the information supplied is not excessive and to assist us in managing requests effectively. This can be completed by our employees at the time of receiving the request.

### Section 3

The person receiving copies of surveillance recordings or still images must state who they are, their position within their organisation and the name of their organisation. They must sign at the point of receiving the information to confirm that are authorised to receive it and that the organisation that they represent conforms to Data Protection law and will accordingly safeguard the data.

### Section 4

An authorised person for us should state what has been provided; in what format the information has been supplied (e.g. tape, disc, USB Memory stick, printed still images, etc.) and the quantity. We should also confirm by signature that the request has been fulfilled according to our procedures and that the information has been taken by the named person in section 3.

## Surveillance recordings Access Request Form: Investigators

Please complete this form with the relevant details to enable us to successfully process your request

1. Personal details of the person to whom the request relates (The 'Data Subject') if known:				
Mr/Mrs/Miss:	First Name(s):		Surname:	
Present address:				
Gender:			Date of Birth:	
Male	<input type="checkbox"/>	Female	<input type="checkbox"/>	

2. Details of the information required:	
Please provide us with accurate information about the images you wish to view	
Date(s):	Time(s):
Location:	
Description of Incident:	

3. Declaration of the person authorised to receive CCTV copy recordings		
Mr/Mrs/Miss:	First Name(s):	Surname:
Working for Organisation (e.g. Essex Police Authority):		Position:
I confirm that the Surveillance copy recordings I have received will be handled according to the principles of the Data Protection Act 2018/ General Data Protection Regulations 2016		<input type="checkbox"/>
Signed:		Date:

4. Approval by us and confirmation of handover of surveillance copy recordings	
I confirm that the following items and quantities were given into the custody of the above named person	<input type="checkbox"/>
I confirm that surveillance copy recordings were received by the above named authorised person on the date below and relate only to the times and locations stated in the request.	<input type="checkbox"/>
I confirm that this activity will be recorded on the Surveillance Equipment Access Log	<input type="checkbox"/>
Signed:	Date:

The Sigma Trust is committed to the principles of the Data Protection Act 2018 and General Data Protection Regulations (2016). As such the information you have supplied on this form will be used only for the purposes of managing this access request.



## APPENDIX D: CCTV Impact Assessment and Review

<b>Building/ Location</b>			
<b>Site Reference</b>		Camera Ref	
<b>System Owner</b>		Signage in place?	<input type="checkbox"/>
Viewing Internal	<input type="checkbox"/>	Viewing Private Area (Staff Only)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Viewing External	<input type="checkbox"/>	Viewing Public Area	<input type="checkbox"/>
Date of Assessment		Date of Next Review	
Equipment Check Date (Last)		Equipment Check Date (Next)	
<b>Declared Purposes</b>			
Building Security	<input type="checkbox"/>	Prevention of crime	<input type="checkbox"/>
Safety of Staff/ Public	<input type="checkbox"/>	Detection of crime	<input type="checkbox"/>
Statistical data gathering	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<b>Considerations</b>			
Alternatives to CCTV have been considered and rejected			<input type="checkbox"/>
Wider uses of CCTV data have been considered but the declared purposes are restricted to the above			<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Level of Image Quality Required</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Monitoring</b>	No need to identify individuals amongst general people traffic	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Detecting</b>	Need to detect the presence of a person but not to see their face	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Recognising</b>	Need to differentiate between people known to staff and those not	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>Identifying</b>	Need to establish someone's identity beyond reasonable doubt	
<b>Period of Activity</b>			
24/7 x 365 days	<input type="checkbox"/>	Seasonal/ Fixed term	<input type="checkbox"/>
Specific Days	<input type="checkbox"/>	Specific Times of Day	<input type="checkbox"/>
Clarification (specify periods if not 24/7 x 365 days)			
<b>Compliance with Policy</b>			
System Owner understands their responsibilities in relation to Policy in the following areas: (tick to acknowledge)			
Restrict Access to individuals trained in CCTV procedures and authorised by you			<input type="checkbox"/>
Log all instances of accessing recordings			<input type="checkbox"/>
Release data only through use of approved requests			<input type="checkbox"/>
Inform Access to Records and Information Champion of all requests for data			<input type="checkbox"/>
No recorded data to be held beyond retention period stated in CCTV Policy			<input type="checkbox"/>
Inform Information Champion immediately of any information security breaches			<input type="checkbox"/>
Maintain methods of advising that CCTV cameras are present (e.g. signage)			<input type="checkbox"/>
Annual reviews to be undertaken of necessity for CCTV cameras			<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Signature</b>			
System Owner		Date	
Approver		Date	
<b>Decision</b>	Approved		Declined

